

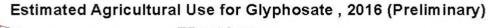
Glyphosate and AMPA in streams and rivers in the U.S., 2015-2017

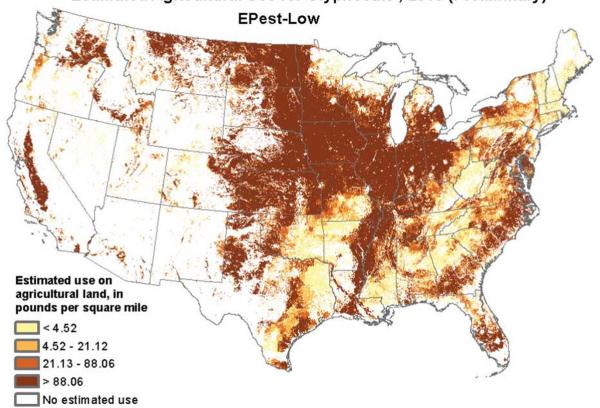
NWQMC March 27, 2019

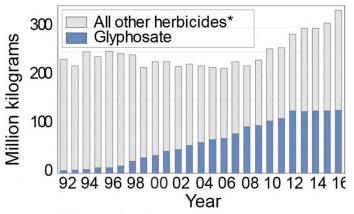
by Medalie, Baker, Shoda, Stone



Why do we care about glyphosate?







* Does not include inorganic compounds

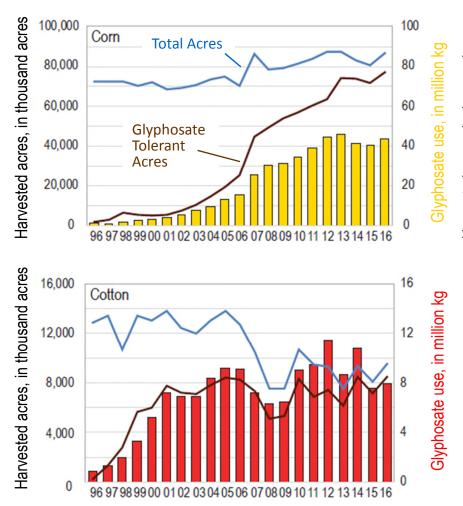
Non-agricultural glyphosate use estimated as 10% of total use

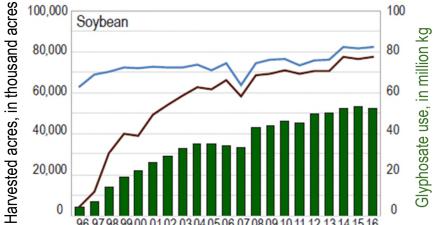




Glyphosate use by:

CROP





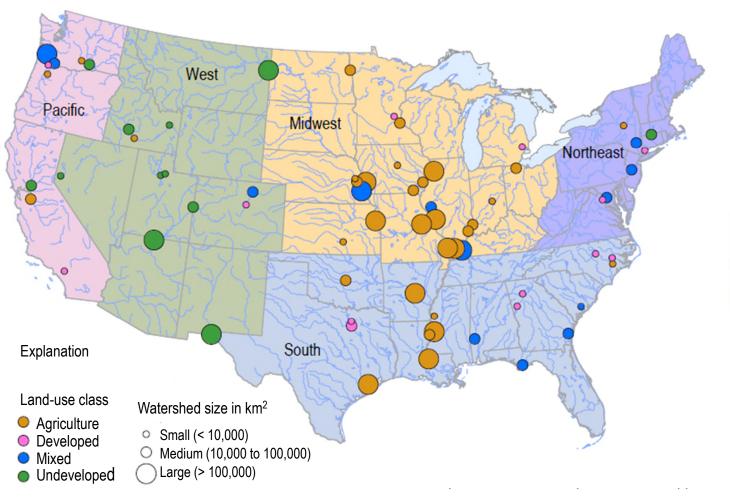
Total Acres HarvestedGlyphosate Tolerant Acres Harvested



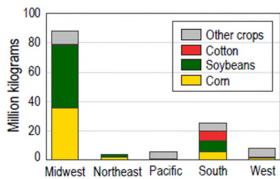


Sites classified by:

LAND USE WHOLE WATERSHED



Regions defined by similar crop patterns

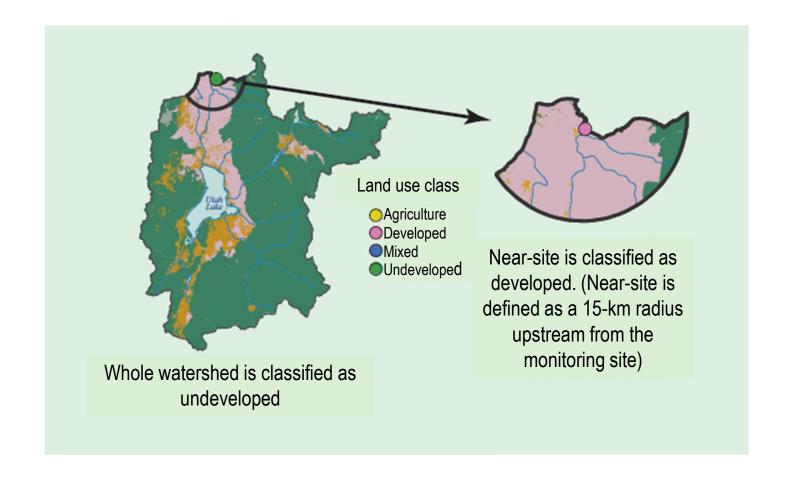






Calculation of:

LAND-USE NEAR SITE







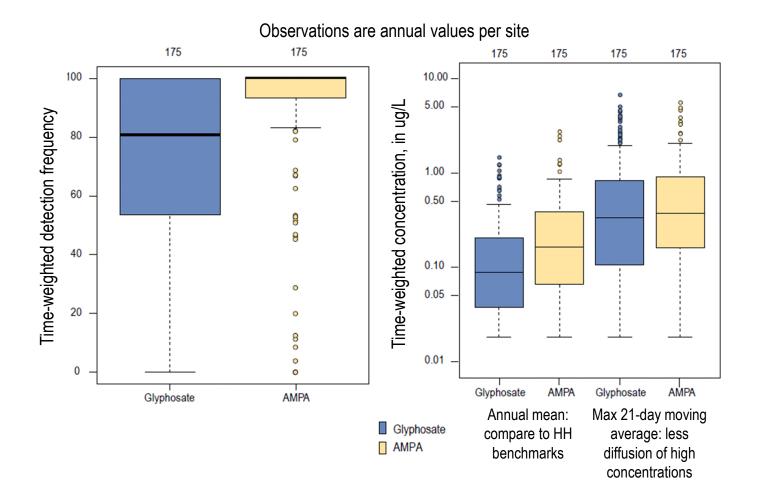
Sites classified by: **LAND USE NEAR-SITE** West Pacific Midwest Northeast 0 0 8 Explanation South Near-site land use Watershed size in class km^2 Agriculture o Small (< 10,000) Developed O Medium (10,000 to 100,000) Mixed Large (> 100,000) More sites classified as developed Undeveloped





Detection frequency and concentration by:

ANALYTE



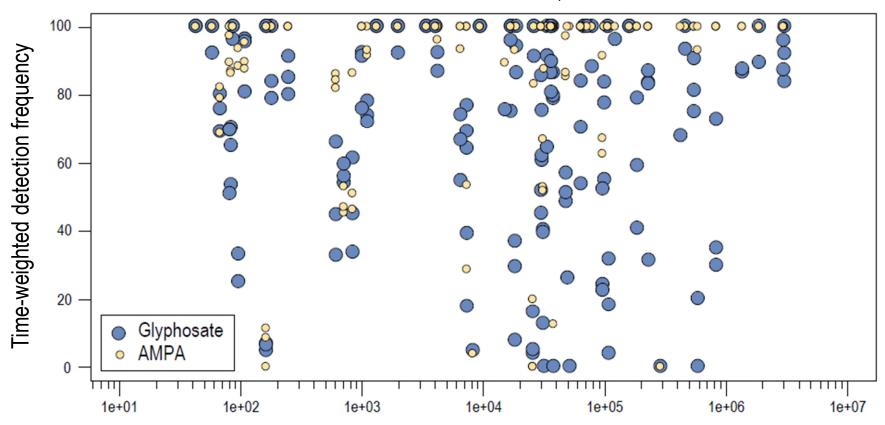




Detection Frequency by:

WATERSHED SIZE

Observations are annual values per site



Watershed area, in square km

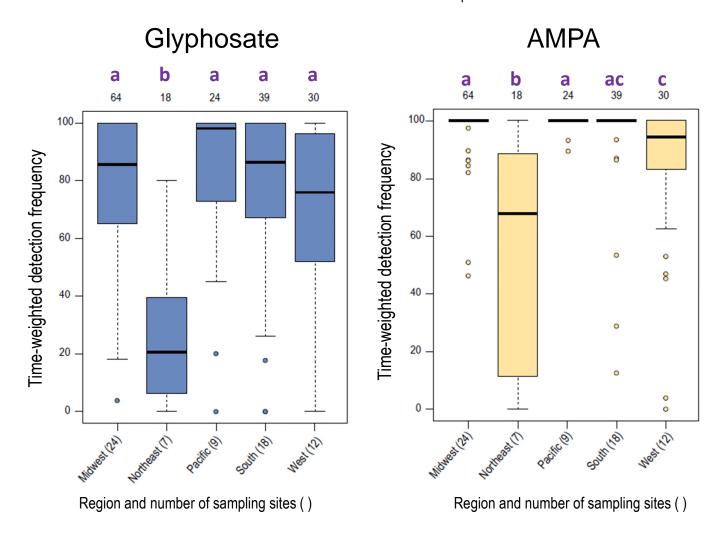




Detection frequency contrasting:

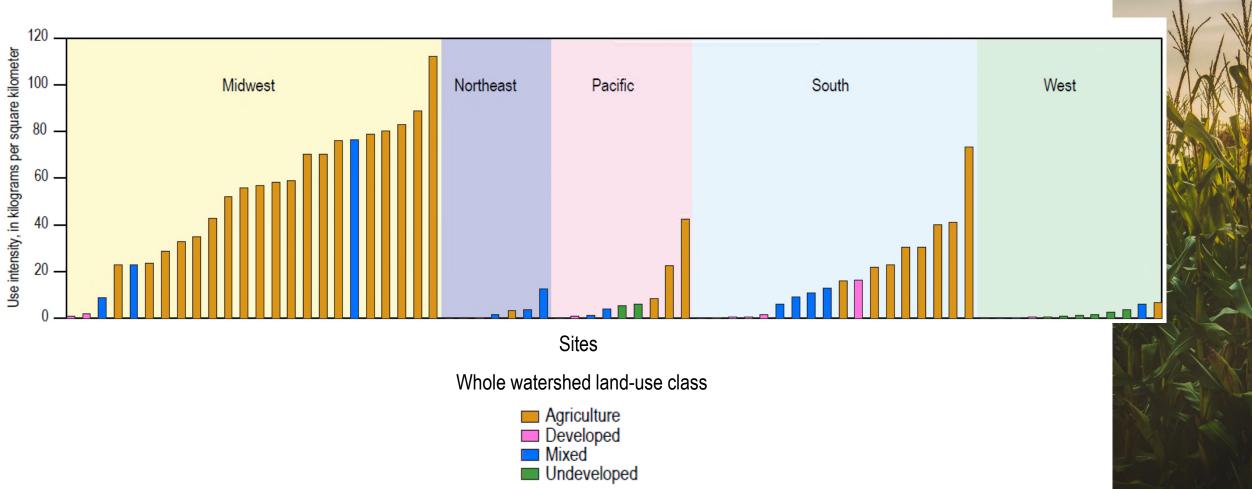
- ANALYTE
- REGIONS

Observations are annual values per site







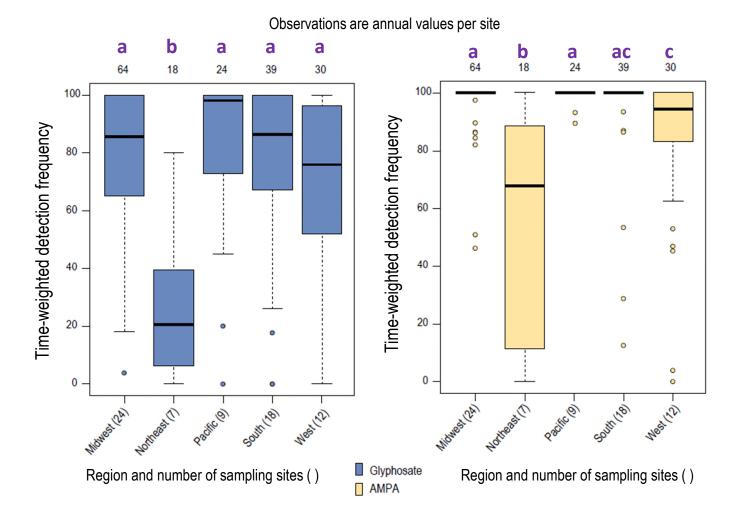






Detection frequency contrasting:

- ANALYTE
- REGIONS







Why does glyphosate, which degrades faster than AMPA (8x), occur nearly as frequently as AMPA and at similar concentrations?

Based on literature and select site info/results:

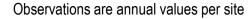
- Glyphosate is controlled by overland flow and direct drainage (quick processes)
- AMPA is also controlled by degradation rates (slow process)

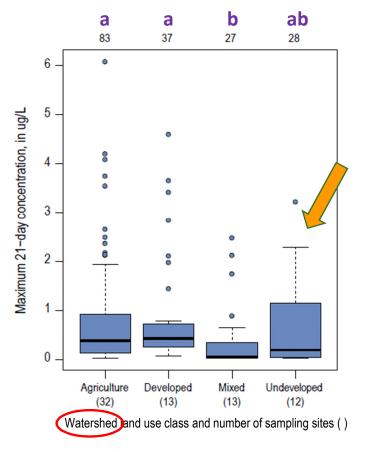


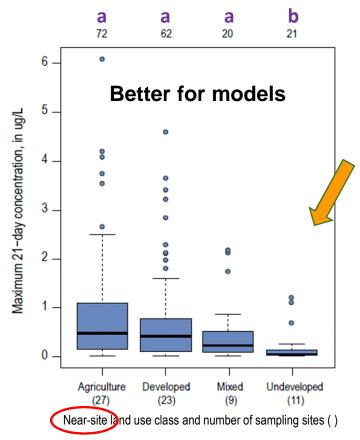


Glyphosate concentration contrasting:

- LAND USE WHOLE WATERSHED
- LAND USE NEAR-SITE





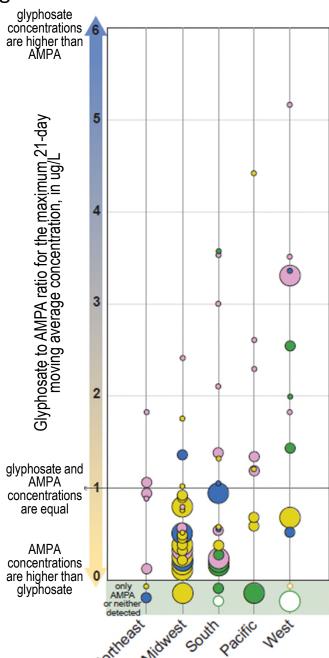






Concentration ratios contrasting:

- REGION
- SIZE
- LAND USE NEAR-SITE



One ratio per site calculated from the median of annual concentration (time-weighted max 21-day moving ave) for glyphosate and AMPA

Watershed size

Land use near-site

SmallMedium

AgricultureDevelopedMixed

Large

Undeveloped

Ratio could not be determined for symbols in the shaded area because only AMPA was detected at the site or neither AMPA nor glyphosate (unshaded symbol) was detected at the site.







Summary and conclusions

- Glyphosate & AMPA are nearly ubiquitous in 70 streams
- Found in all regions, watershed size, type of land use
- Concentrations and detection frequency lowest in Northeast
- Sites in Midwest, South, Pacific had similar concentrations and detection frequencies of glyphosate & AMPA: non-ag use & use on developed land are important
- Near-site is more indicative than whole watershed land use and can improve models
- More glyphosate found in streams that have less opportunity for degradation (generally small and also dry, tile drained, and/or impervious)
- No current human or aquatic-life benchmark is exceeded



Not for citation or distribution.





CARBON DATING

GENETIC CROPS ACTUALLY HELP THE ENVIRONMENT THROUGH NO-TILL FARMING. I'M JUST NOT CONVINCED.

WRITTEN BY @CARBONKYLE

A COMIC STRIP ABOUT SCIENCE, PSEUDOSCIENCE, & GEEKY RELATIONSHIPS



ART BY @ELISAWIKEY



CARBONCOMIC.com



